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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/716,536	11/20/2003	Hirai Shuji	245716US3	6890
22850	7590 02/28/2006		EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET			CHEN, SOPHIA S	
	A, VA 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		2852	

DATE MAILED: 02/28/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/716,536	SHUJI, HIRAI	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Sophia S. Chen	2852	
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUN 136(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO e. cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communic	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 J	lanuary 2006.		
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	ance except for formal ma	ters, prosecution as to the merit	ts is
closed in accordance with the practice under I			
Disposition of Claims			
. 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-17</u> is/are pending in the application	1.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-17</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.		
Application Papers	•		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	or		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>03 January 2006</u> is/are		phinated to by the Evernines	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correc			24(4)
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			-•
			•
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigna) All b) Some * c) None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority document	te have been received		
Certified copies of the priority document		Application No.	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior			
application from the International Burea		rreceived in this National Stage	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		received	
	or the continue copies flot	Toolivou.	
		√	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)	
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date	
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings filed 1/3/06 have been received. The drawings are approved.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1, 3, 6-9, and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ichikawa (JP 06-130818 A; cited in Form PTO-1449).

Ichikawa discloses an image forming apparatus having a latent carrier 1, a charging device 7 configured to charge a surface of the latent carrier 1 (paragraph [0022]), an exposure device 3 configured to expose a surface of the latent carrier 1 for forming a latent image (paragraph [0020]), and a transfer device 10 provided to transfer a developer toner image on the latent carrier 1 to a recording medium (paragraph [0024] and Figure 2), comprising: a developing device 9 having a developer carrier 22, the developer carrier 22 configured to replenish the developer to the latent carrier 1 (paragraph [0028] and Figure 3); a pooling portion 21 configured to pool a two-component developer (paragraph [0029]; toner and carrier), the two-component developer including: an agitating device 23, 24, 25, or 26 configured to agitate the two-component developer in the pool portion 21; and a first measurement device (magnetic

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permeability sensor) 30 and a second measurement device (magnetic permeability sensor) 31 configured to measure first and second developer characteristics having first and second values, respectively, the first characteristic (toner concentration) being different from the second characteristic (developer degradation degree), wherein the first and second measurement devices 30, 31 compare the first and second characteristics to determined a deterioration rate of the two-component developer (abstract; paragraphs [0032], [0042], and [0044]; Figures 13, 14, 16, and 19).

Ichikawa further discloses the second measurement device 31 is a developer magnetic permeability sensor (paragraph [0032]); an image forming condition (a charging bias value of the charging device 7, an exposure power of the exposure device 3, or a developing bias value of the developing device 9) is configured to be changed according to a determined deterioration rate of the developer (paragraphs [0039], [0040], [0066], and [0079]; Figures 13, 16, and 19); and image forming condition is configured to change an affection of deteriorated developer (paragraphs [0039], [0040], [0066], and [0079]; Figures 13, 16, and 19).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ichikawa in view of Matsuzaki (JP 08-106211; cited in Form PTO-1449).

Ichikawa, as discussed above, differs from the instant claimed invention in not disclosing the first measurement device is a developer reflection intensity sensor.

Matsuzaki discloses an image forming apparatus comprising a latent carrier 4; a developer carrier 3; and a toner concentration sensor 16 being a developer reflection intensity sensor (paragraph [0042]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the reflection intensity type of toner concentration sensor as taught by Matsuzaki in place of the magnetic sensor 30 (first measurement device) of Ichikawa because of the same functionality for detecting the toner concentration.

6. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ichikawa in view of Isobe et al. (US Pat. Pub. No. US 2003/0123889 A1)

Ichikawa, as discussed above, differs from the instant claimed invention in not disclosing the second measurement device measures a torque of the agitating device.

Isobe et al. discloses an image forming apparatus comprising a latent carrier 7; a developer carrier 10a; and a measurement device 431 for measuring a torque of an agitating device 430 (Figure 1).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the measurement device measuring the torque as taught by Isobe et al. in place of the second measurement device 31 (magnetic sensor) of

Ichikawa because of the same functionality for measuring the amount/deterioration of the toner.

7. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ichikawa in view of Asanuma (JP 06-083179 A).

Ichikawa, as discussed above, differs from the instant claimed invention in not disclosing the second measurement device measures an electric resistance of the developer.

Asanuma discloses an image forming apparatus comprising a latent carrier 1; a developer carrier 42a; and a measurement device 44 for measuring an electric resistance (electric current) of the developer (abstract; paragraphs [0030] and [0031]; Figure 5).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the electric resistance sensor as taught by Asanuma in place of second measurement device 31 (magnetic sensor) of Ichikawa because of the same functionality for measuring the deterioration of the developer (Asanuma; abstract).

8. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ichikawa in view of Aimoto et al. (US Pat. No. 5,310,423)

Ichikawa, as discussed above, differs from the instant claimed invention in not disclosing the image forming condition is a rotating speed of the developer carrier.

Aimoto et al. discloses an image forming apparatus comprising a latent carrier 1; a developer carrier 4; a toner density sensor 8; and a rotating speed of the developer

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carrier 4 being changed based on the output voltage of the toner density sensor 8 (column 12, lines 21-46; column 13, lines 41-49).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to add the image forming condition (the rotating speed of the developer carrier) as taught by Aimoto et al. to the image forming conditions of Ichikawa to be capable of eliminating a wasteful time taken after terminating the charge of new developing powder (Aimoto et al.; column 2, lines 6-9).

9. Claims 12, 13, and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ichikawa in view of Aimoto (US Pat. No. 5,235,391).

Ichikawa, as discussed above, further discloses a new developer replenishing device 28 configured to provide new toner to the developing device 9 responsive to toner consumption (via the toner concentration sensor 30).

Ichikawa differs from the instant claimed invention in not disclosing the developer in the developing device is configured to replace developer according to a measured deterioration rate of the developer; a discharging device configured to discharge a deteriorated developer; and the new developer replenishing device is configured to provide the new developer to the developing device after discharging the deteriorated developer by the discharging device.

Aimoto discloses an image forming apparatus comprising a latent carrier 12; a developer carrier 21; a developer in the developing device 13 is configured to replace developer according to a measured deterioration rate of the developer (column 3, lines 39-53; column 4, lines 20-25); a discharging device 19 configured to discharge a

deteriorated developer (column 3, lines 19-21); and the new developer replenishing device 15 is configured to provide the new developer to the developing device 13 after discharging the deteriorated developer by the discharging device 19 (column 4, lines 37-40 and Figure 1).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the discharging device, the new developer replenishing device, and the associated mechanism as taught by Aimoto to the developing device of Ichikawa to be capable of keeping the density of the developing powder uniform so that the quality of the resulting image may be enhanced (Aimoto; column 2, lines 3-6).

10. Claims 15, 16, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ichikawa in view of Isobe et al.

Ichikawa, as discussed above, differs from the instant claimed invention in not disclosing a notice device; the notice device being configured to show a notice of an operation panel; and the notice device being configured to transmit information to a control center via a communication line.

Isobe et al. discloses an image forming apparatus comprising a latent carrier 7; a developer carrier 10a; a notice device configured to notify the need to replace the developer in the developing device (paragraphs [0275], [0277], and [0279]); the notice device being configured to show a notice on an operation panel (paragraph [0275]); and the notice device being configured to transmit information to a control center via a communication line (paragraph [0275]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the notice device as taught by Isobe et al. to the image forming apparatus of Ichikawa to inform the user to replace the developer.

Other Prior Art

11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Webster's II New Riverside University Dictionary published in 1994, page 736, it defines one of the meanings of "measure" as "to determine the dimensions, quantity, or capacity of".

Conclusion

12. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Response to Arguments

13. Applicant's arguments filed 1/3/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that the first sensor 30 (for toner concentration detection) and the second sensor 31 (for developer degradation degree detection) of Ichikawa have the same configuration as shown in (c) of drawing 4. They both are **permeability sensor of the same configuration**. In other words, Ichikawa discloses that the two sensors 30 and 31 are identical and measure the same developer characteristic, i.e., permeability. Applicant also argues that the device of Ichikawa **detects only one** developer characteristic (permeability) and **determines**, based on the single developer characteristic, two other characteristics of the toner. Therefore, the applicant concludes that Ichikawa does not teach or suggest a first measurement device and a second measurement configured to measure first and second developer characteristics having first and second values, respectively, the first characteristic being different from the second characteristic, as required by Claim 1. Furthermore, applicant states that the applied art has been considered but none of it cures the deficiencies of Ichikawa discussed above.

The examiner agrees that both sensors 30 and 31 of Ichikawa are permeability sensor of the same configuration. However, the examiner does not agree that the first developer characteristic is not different from the second developer characteristic. Just like what the applicant states, the first and second sensors 30 and 31 of Ichikawa are used to determine a toner concentration and a developer degradation degree, respectively (see page 4, lines 4-5 of the amendment filed 1/3/06). The examiner translates the first developer characteristic being the toner concentration and the second developer characteristic being a developer degradation degree. The sensors 30

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and 31 of Ichikawa do **measure** two different characteristics according to the definition of "measure" in Webster's II New Riverside University Dictionary. Webster's II New Riverside University Dictionary defines "**measure**" as "to **determine** the dimensions, quantity, or capacity of". Apparently, the applicant agrees that Ichikawa **determines** two characteristics of the toner (see page 4, lines 18-20 of the amendment filed 1/3/06). In other words, the sensors 30 and 31 of Ichikawa **measure** the first and second developer characteristics having first and second values, respectively, the first characteristic being different from the second characteristic, as required by Claim 1.

The examiner just wants to remind the applicant that Matsuzaki (see item 5 of the current Office action) discloses a developer reflection intensity sensor. By replacing the sensor 30 (permeability sensor) of Ichikawa with the reflection intensity sensor of Matsuzaki, two different types of sensors measuring different developer characteristics are achieved.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sophia S. Chen whose telephone number is (571) 272-2133. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:00-3:00) First Friday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Arthur Grimley can be reached on (571) 272-2136. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Sophia S. Chen Primary Examiner

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Ssc

February 21, 2006